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| Matter | office use only |

# INVENTION SUMMARY

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| Title Create a title that does not include details that would enable others to reproduce the invention. |
|       |
| **Brief Description** Provide a brief summary that communicates the central tenet of the invention.  |
|       |
| Inventor(s)List all internal and external individuals who intellectually contributed to the conception of the invention. (“Conception” is reached when the individual has a definite and permanent idea of the complete and operable invention, please refer to page 6 for more information). If necessary, add another sheet to provide information for additional inventors.  |
| 1. Legal Name Citizenship:
2. Legal Name Citizenship:
3. Legal Name Citizenship:
4. Legal Name Citizenship:
5. Legal Name Citizenship:
6. Legal Name Citizenship:
7. Legal Name Citizenship:
8. Legal Name Citizenship:
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# DETAILED DESCRIPTION

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| Describe the features of the invention that are believed to be new.Is the invention a new process, composition of matter, a device or product(s), or an improvement/new use to an existing product or process? |
|       |
| **How does the invention differ from existing technology?** What problems does it solve, or what advantages does it possess? |
|       |
| **What are possible uses for the invention? In addition to immediate applications, are there other potential future uses?** |
|       |
| **Does the invention possess disadvantages or limitations? Can they be overcome? How?** |
|       |
| Has the invention been described in specific detail or generally in a publication? Publication, for this purpose, includes any public disclosure to recipients outside of Children’s and not under a confidentiality agreement. Such publication may take the form of abstracts or talks, news stories, etc., as well as submitted manuscripts under and/or pending publication, and published scientific papers and other articles, by you or others. Has the invention been described orally at a meeting? Please provide exact details including dates and copies of any publications and presentations. |
|       |
| Is a publication or oral disclosure descriptive of the invention planned within the next six months? Give date (estimate if unknown) and attach copies of any existing manuscripts, preprints or abstracts. |
|       |
| What is the publication most related to the technology? |
|       |
| Has the invention been tested experimentally? Are experimental data available? |
|       |
| Are there known inventions by other research workers that are related to this one? Please describe, including information on relevant patents and publications if available. |
|       |
| Has the invention been disclosed to industry representatives? Has a commercial interest been shown? Name companies, specific individuals, and their titles. |
|       |
| Do you know of other organizations, companies, or competitors that might be particularly interested in the invention? |
|       |
| What do you see as the commercial use of your invention? |
|       |
| Attach sketches, drawings, photographs and other materials that help illustrate the description. Rough artwork, flow sheets, Polaroid photographs and penciled graphs are satisfactory as long as they tell a clear and understandable story. |

# Financial Support

|  |
| --- |
| Describe the financial support of the discovery work that led to the invention. |
|       |
| Was the discovery work that led to the invention supported by extramural award(s)? |
|  If yes, provide the following details: Agency:      Contract/Grant No.:       Project Title:        |
| Agency:      Contract/Grant No.:       Project Title:        |
| Agency:      Contract/Grant No.:       Project Title:        |

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| Contributor(s) AcknowledgementI have read, understood, and verified the information herein, and I have read and understood the Inventorship Determination addendum below. I agree to assist Children’s in the evaluation and possible commercialization of the innovation described herein.  |
| 1. Legal Name Home Address City, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other).

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

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| 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 1. Legal Name Home AddressCity, State Zip CodePersonal EmailEmployer: (Enter here if other)

X:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Please email this form:

to: ipc@seattlechildrens.org

cc: andrea.beeks@seattlechildrens.org

Note: A follow-up email from DocuSign containing this disclosure and a disclosure-specific assignment agreement will be sent to all SCRI contributors for signature.

# Inventorship Determination Addendum: Who should be listed as an Inventor?

Inventorship is a legal determination that must follow patent law in order to support the validity of an issued patent. The key points that may apply to your invention and situation:

* The inventive process has two steps: 1) conception and 2) reduction to practice. An inventor is one who first “conceives” of the claimed invention, but the individual need not be the one who reduces it to practice. Only the mental aspect of conception is relevant to determining inventorship.
* The “conception” of an invention is complete if the inventor is able to make a disclosure that would enable one skilled in the art to actually make the invention without extensive research or undue experimentation.
* One who merely constructs the invention based on the inventor's conception is not an inventor. Also, one who conducts validation experiments or research based on the inventor’s instruction is not an inventor. However, if the second person contributes an original idea or design to enable the invention to be reduced to practice, that person may also be an inventor.
* One who merely suggests a desired result or inspires a line of study without any disclosure of the means by which the result is to be attained is not an inventor.
* Inventorship is independent of ownership and authorship (e.g., typically there are many more authors on a paper than individuals who conceived of the invention and should be listed as inventors), and must be determined based on the specific claims of the invention.
* Inventorship may change as the invention evolves or improves. As research leads to new findings and new collaborations are made, inventors may be added, or in some cases, deleted from a patent application (e.g., when none of the claims to which an inventor contributed are granted by the Patent Office)].
* By signing the Invention Disclosure Form (IDF), each inventor is asserting that s/he is an inventor of the technology disclosed in the IDF. By stating that s/he is an inventor, the person is stating that s/he has made a contribution to the conception of the invention as it is currently understood and disclosed in the IDF.
* Inventors will be listed on any patent applications that are filed, and they will each be asked to sign an oath or declaration that will be submitted along with any application that is filed in which they each declare that s/he is a true inventor of the technology disclosed.
* If inventorship is disputed in the future, each inventor will be asked to provide evidence of his/her contribution to the conception of at least one claim in the issued patent. In an academic research setting, sufficient evidence may include a properly maintained and witnessed laboratory notebook.
* Mere conversations and recollections may not be sufficient evidence to establish a contribution to conception.

As needed, IPC may cause special assessments to determine inventorship status at any time during the paten prosecution process.

If you and your colleagues require assistance in determining who should be considered inventors, please contact the IPC.

This document is intended as general information regarding inventorship and should not be interpreted as legal advice relating to your specific invention or situation.