የመቋቋም እርዳታ እንዴት መጠቀም እንደሚቻል

1 በበለጠ ያለመረዳት

• ያንጋጉ እእምሮ እና ያንጋጉ ቃላይ ሉክምና ከክፍል
206-987-2055

• በልጅዎን ያስነ ቆበር ህገ朋 እና ያስነ ያስነ ከክፍል
ስለወ ያስገደ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ
206-987-2055

• seattlechildrens.org

የበሉን ያለመረዳት ከክፍል
የሚሰጥ ከአስተርጓሚ እና ያስነ ውስጥ ያስገደ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

• ያስገደ ያስገደ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

• ያስገደ ያስገደ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

• ያስገድ ያስገድ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

የሚፈልጉትን የስም እና ያስልክ የቁጥር ከፋስተንሽን ከአስተርጓሚ ያንጋጉ።

የመቋቋም እርዳታ እንዴት መጠቀም እንደሚቻል እናበረታታለን። የእያንዳንዱ ያለቤተሰብ ከአባል ያለመቋቋም ከክፍል ያስቡ ያሆን።

የመቋቋም እርዳታ እንዴት መጠቀም እንደሚቻል እናበረታታለን። ከእያንዳንዱ ያለቤተሰብ ከአባል ያለመቋቋም ከክፍል ያስቡ ያሆን።

የውስጥ ያስገድ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

ተመሩ በሚችሉ በተመረጋጋት ወይም ያስልክ የቁጥር ያለው ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

የሚፈልጉትን የስም እና ያስልክ የቁጥር ከፋስተንሽን ከአስተርጓሚ ያንጋጉ።

የውስጥ ያስገድ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

ተመሩ በሚችሉ በተመረጋጋት ወይም ያስልክ የቁጥር ያለው ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

የሚፈልጉትን የስም እና ያስልክ የቁጥር ከፋስተንሽን ከአስተርጓומי ያንጋጉ።

የውስጥ ያስገድ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

ተመሩ በሚችሉ በተመረጋጋት ወይም ያስልክ የቁጥር ያለው ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ

የሚፈልጉትን የስም እና ያስልክ የቁጥር ከፋስተንሽን ከአስተርጓሚ ያንጋጉ።

የውስጥ ያስገድ ያርከ ያሆን ከርካሽ ከርካሽ
የመቋቋም የጊዜ ያካርዶችን ከማህበርነት

Patient and Family Education | Psychiatry and Behavioral Medicine Unit
How to Use Coping Cards

We encourage you to continue using the Coping Cards at home. Consider making a Coping Card for each member of the family.

What is a Coping Card?

Coping Cards are the main tool used on the Psychiatry and Behavioral Medicine Unit to start building these skills:

- Emotion regulation – being able to name and manage emotions
- Distress tolerance – skills that are used to handle distress from negative emotions, such as anger management and relaxation skills
- Problem solving skills – practicing assertive communication

Coaching and reinforcing these skills is an important part of the Psychiatry and Behavioral Medicine Unit program. We encourage you to continue using the Coping Cards with your child or teen at home.

How can Coping Cards help my child or teen?

Coping Cards can help your child or teen:

- Understand what causes or “triggers” their distress, such as sadness, anger or urges to self-harm
- Learn the warning signs and bodily cues that are the first signs of their distress, such as a flushed face, shaking, clenched fists or quietness
- Identify reasons (past or present) for living safely, being grateful, and participating in treatment such as family, friends, pets, and future goals
- Identify individual abilities that have helped or contributed to their strength thus far, such as curiosity, compassion or artistic expression
- Know the ways they have tried to cope in the past, such as destroying property, threatening others, self-harm, social isolation and avoidance
- Identify and practice new ways to cope in the future, such as distraction, belly breathing or talking it out
- Assess whether the way they chose to cope with their distress was helpful
- Make a COPE Sequence or coping action plan that includes:
  - **Calm**: What can help me stop, slow down, and develop a plan?
  - **Options**: Think of and list what skill might be most useful in the given situation.
  - **Plan**: Of the options, chose a skill to try.
  - **Evaluate**: Was the chosen skill helpful in the moment?

To Learn More

- Psychiatry and Behavioral Medicine Unit 206-987-2055
- Ask your child’s healthcare provider
- seattlechildrens.org

Free Interpreter Services

- In the hospital, ask your nurse.
- From outside the hospital, call the toll-free Family Interpreting Line, 1-866-583-1527. Tell the interpreter the name or extension you need.
How do we use Coping Cards?

You can use the Coping Cards to help your child or teen learn which situations lead to emotional and behavioral distress. They can also help your child learn when a coping skill may be helpful and outline a plan for using one. Having a plan can help prevent a crisis.

For example, if loud, crowded places are a trigger for your child or teen and you are going to the neighborhood street fair, you and your child can use the Coping Card to make a plan for how to cope with possible triggers.

The plan might include:

- Going to the street fair for a short time.
- Taking breaks away from the crowd and noise.
- Deciding that it is not a good time to go to the street fair and making a plan for another fun activity that will not be noisy or crowded.

The Coping Cards can help you support and coach your child in times of distress.

Using the Coping Cards at home

Some suggested uses for Coping Cards at home:

- Have each member of the family make a Coping Card and discuss them with each other.
- Bring your child’s Coping Card to counseling or therapy appointments to continue conversations about managing emotions and using coping skills.
- Share your child’s Coping Card with their teacher (if appropriate) so they are aware of your child’s triggers, warning signs, and coping skills.

Using the Coping Cards over time

Coping Cards are a work in progress, what is stressful to your child or teen now may not be later on. Your child will develop more coping skills as they practice them. Over time, as your child or teen develops more skills, those that were once helpful may be replaced with others. We encourage you and your child to add and subtract from their Coping Card as they develop and change.